(XLVth YEAR.) THE (No. 2235.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1789.

Congreſs of the United States,

Begun and held at the city of New-York, on Wedneſday the fourth of March, one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty-nine.

CONTINUATION *of the* ACT *to regulate the* COLLECTION *of the* DUTIES *impoſed by* LAW *on the* TONNAGE *of* SHIPS *or* VESSELS, *and on* GOODS, WARES *and* MERCHANDISE, *imported into the United States.*

AND *be it further enacted*, That if any goods, wares or merchandiſe, on which duties are payable, ſhall receive damage during the voyage, or ſhall not be accompanied with the original invoice of their coſt, it ſhall be lawful for the collector to appoint one merchant, and the owner and conſignee another, who being ſworn or affirmed by the collector, well and truly to appraiſe ſuch goods, ſhall value them accordingly, and the duties upon ſuch goods ſhall be eſtimated according to ſuch valuation; and if any package, or any goods ſtowed in bulk, which ſhall have been entered as is herein before directed, ſhall not be duly delivered, or if any of the packages ſo entered ſhall not agree with the manifeſt, or if the manifeſt ſhall not agree with the delivery, in every ſuch caſe the perſon having command ſhall forfeit and pay the ſum of two hundred dollars, unleſs it ſhall appear that ſuch diſagreement was occaſioned by unavoidable neceſſity or accident, and not with intention to defraud the revenue.

And be it further enacted, That the ad valorem rates of duty upon all goods, wares and merchandiſe, at the place of importation, ſhall be eſtimated by adding twenty per cent. to the actual coſt thereof, if imported from the Cape of Good-Hope, or from any place beyond the ſame; and ten per cent. on the actual coſt thereof, if imported from any other place or country, excluſive of all charges.

And be it further enacted, That all foreign coins and currencies ſhall be eſtimated according to the following rates:—Each pound ſterling of Great-Britain at four dollars, forty-four cents; each livre tournois of France at ſixteen cents and an half; each florin or guilder of the United Netherlands at thirty-nine cents; each mark banco of Hamburgh at thirty-three cents and one half; each rix dollar of Denmark at one hundred cents; each rix dollar of Sweden at one hundred cents; each rouble of Ruſſia at one hundred cents; each real piſtareen of Spain at ten cents; each milree of Portugal at one dollar and twenty-four cents; each pound ſterling of Ireland at four dollars ten cents; each tale of China at one dollar forty-eight cents; each pagoda of India at one dollar ninety-four cents; each rupee of Bengal at fifty-five cents and a half; and all other denominations of money in value as near as may be to the ſaid rates; and the invoices of all importations ſhall be caſt out in the currency of the place or country from whence the importation ſhall be made, and not otherwiſe.

And be it further enacted, That all duties on goods, wares and merchandiſe, imported, ſhall be paid by the importer, before a permit ſhall be granted for landing the ſame, unleſs the amount of ſuch duties ſhall exceed fifty dollars, in which caſe it ſhall be at the option of the party making entry, to ſecure the ſame by bond, with one or more ſufficient ſureties, to be approved of by the collector, and made payable as followeth, to wit: For the duties upon all articles of Weſt-India produce, within four months; for the duties upon all Madeira wines, within twelve months; and for the duties upon all other goods, within ſix months; but in any caſe the party making entry ſhall be at liberty to depoſite with the collector any part of the goods, upon which ſuch duties ſhall ariſe, of double the value in the judgment of the collector, to ſecure the payment of the duties, with the charges, which depoſite the collector ſhall accept in lieu of ſuch bond and ſecurity, and ſhall ſafely keep the goods ſo depoſited at the expence and riſque of the party, for the term for which ſuch bond would have been given, at the expiration whereof, unleſs the ſaid depoſite ſhall have been redeemed by the payment of the duties, the ſaid goods ſhall be ſold at public ſale, and as much as ſhall be neceſſary applied to the payment of the ſaid duties, and the reſidue, after deducting the charges which have accrued, ſhall be paid to the owner or owners of ſuch goods: PROVIDED ALWAYS, That where the amount of duties ſhall exceed fifty dollars, a diſcount ſhall be allowed for prompt payment, after the rate of ten per centum per annum on the amount of ſuch exceſs: AND PROVIDED ALSO, That no perſon whoſe bond for the payment of duties is due and unſatisfied, ſhall be allowed a future credit with the collector, until ſuch bond ſhall be fully paid or diſcharged.

And be it further enacted, That all the duties impoſed by law on the tunnage of any ſhip or veſſel, ſhall be paid to the collector, within ten days after entry made, and before ſuch ſhip or veſſel ſhall be permitted to clear out; the regiſter of which ſhip or veſſel at the time of entry ſhall be lodged in the office of the collector, and there remain until ſuch clearance.

And be it further enacted, That where any bond for the payment of duties ſhall not be ſatisfied on the day it became due, the collector ſhall proſecute for the recovery of the money due thereon, by action or ſuit at law, in the proper court, having cognizance therein; and in all caſes of inſolvency, or where any eſtate in the hands of executors or adminiſtrators ſhall be inſufficient to pay all the debts due from the deceaſed, the debt due to the United States on any ſuch bond ſhall be firſt ſatisfied.

And be it further enacted, That when it ſhall appear that any goods, wares or merchandiſe, of which entry ſhall have been made, in the office of a collector, are not invoiced, according to the actual coſt thereof at the place of exportation, and that the difference was made with deſign to defraud the revenue, all ſuch goods, wares or merchandiſe, or the value thereof, to be recovered of the perſon making entry, ſhall be forfeited, and in any ſuch caſe, or where the collector is ſuſpicious of fraud, and that any ſuch goods, wares or merchandiſe, are not invoiced at a ſum equal to that for which they have uſually ſold, in the place or country from whence they were imported, it ſhall be the duty of ſuch collector to take the ſaid goods, wares and merchandiſe, into his poſſeſſion, and retain the ſame at the riſque and expence of the owner or conſignee thereof, until their value, at the time and place of importation, according to the principles for eſtimating the ſame, eſtabliſhed by this act, ſhall be aſcertained by two reputable merchants, mutually choſen by the ſaid collector, and owner or conſignee, and the duties ariſing upon ſuch valuation ſhall be firſt paid, or ſecured to be paid, as required by this act in other caſes of importation.

And be it further enacted, That it ſhall be lawful for the collector, or other officer of the cuſtoms, after entry made of any goods, wares or merchandiſe, on ſuſpicion of fraud, to open and examine, in the preſence of two or more reputable merchants, any package or packages thereof, and if upon ſuch examination they ſhall be found to agree with the entries, the officer making ſuch ſeizure, ſhall cauſe the ſame to be repacked and delivered to the owner or claimant forthwith, and the expence of ſuch examination ſhall be paid by the collector, and allowed in the ſettlement of his accounts; but if any of the packages ſo examined be found to differ in their contents from the entry, and it ſhall appear that ſuch difference hath been made with intention to defraud the revenue, then all the goods, wares or merchandiſe, contained in ſuch package or packages, ſhall be forfeited: PROVIDED ALWAYS, That if the owner or conſignee of ſuch goods as ſhall not be accompanied with the original invoice, ſhould chooſe to wait the receipt of the invoice, in ſuch caſe the collector ſhall take into his poſſeſſion all ſuch goods, wares and merchandiſe, and ſtore the ſame, at the expence and riſque of the owner or conſignee, until the invoice ſhall arrive, or until they agree to have the ſame valued.

And be it further enacted, That every collector, naval-officer and ſurveyor, or other perſon ſpecially appointed by either of them for that purpoſe, ſhall have full power and authority to enter any ſhip or veſſel in which they ſhall have reaſon to ſuſpect any goods, wares or merchandiſe, ſubject to duty ſhall be concealed; and therein to ſearch for, ſeize and ſecure, any ſuch goods, wares or merchandiſe; and if they ſhall have cauſe to ſuſpect a concealment thereof, in any particular dwelling houſe, ſtore, building or other place, they or either of them, ſhall, upon application on oath or affirmation to any juſtice of the peace, be entitled to a warrant to enter ſuch houſe, ſtore or other place (in the day time only) and there to ſearch for ſuch goods, and if any ſhall be found, to ſeize and ſecure the ſame for trial; and all ſuch goods, wares and merchandiſe, on which the duties ſhall not have been paid or ſecured, ſhall be forfeited.

And be it further enacted, That all goods, wares and merchandiſe, which ſhall be ſeized by virtue of this act, ſhall be put into and remain in the cuſtody of the collector, until ſuch proceedings ſhall be had, as by this act are required, to aſcertain whether the ſame have been forfeited or not, and if it ſhall be adjudged that they are not forfeited, they ſhall be forthwith reſtored to the owner or owners, claimant or claimants thereof. And if any perſon or perſons ſhall conceal or buy any goods, wares or merchandiſe, knowing them to be liable to ſeizure by this act, ſuch perſon or perſons ſhall, on conviction thereof, forfeit and pay a ſum double the value of the goods ſo concealed or purchaſed.

And be it further enacted, That it ſhall be the duty of the ſeveral officers to be appointed or employed by virtue of this act, to make ſeizure of, and ſecure any ſhip or veſſel, goods, wares or merchandiſe, which ſhall be liable to ſeizure by virtue of this act, as well without as within their reſpective diſtricts.

And be it further enacted, That if any officer or other perſon executing, or aiding and aſſiſting in the ſeizure of goods, ſhall be ſued or moleſted for any thing done in virtue of the powers given by this act, or by virtue of a warrant granted by any judge or juſtice purſuant to law, ſuch officer or other perſon may plead the general iſſue, and give this act in evidence; and if in ſuch ſuit the plaintiff be nonſuited, or judgment paſs againſt him, the defendant ſhall recover double coſt; and in all actions, ſuits or informations to be brought, where any ſeizure ſhall be made purſuant to this act, if the property be claimed by any perſon, in every ſuch caſe the onus probandi ſhall be upon ſuch claimant; and if any perſon ſhall forcibly reſiſt, prevent or impede, any officer of the cuſtoms, or their deputies, or any perſon aſſiſting them in the execution of their duty, ſuch perſons ſo offending ſhall for every offence be fined in a ſum not exceeding four hundred dollars.

And be it further enacted, That every collector, naval-officer and ſurveyor, ſhall, within three months after he enters upon the execution of his office, give bond with one or more ſufficient ſureties, to be approved of by the comptroller of the treaſury of the United States, and payable to the ſaid United States, conditioned for the true and faithful diſcharge of the duties of his office according to law; that is to ſay, the collector of Philadelphia in the ſum of ſixty thouſand dollars, the collector of New-York fifty thouſand dollars, the collector of Boſton forty thouſand dollars, the collectors of Baltimore-town and Charleſton thirty thouſand dollars, the collector of Norfolk and Portſmouth fifteen thouſand dollars, the collectors of Portſmouth, in New-Hampſhire, of Salem and Beverly, Wilmington, Annapolis, George-town, in Maryland, Bermuda-Hundred and City-Point, and Alexandria, ten thouſand dollars each, the collectors of Newbury-Port, Glouceſter, Marblehead, Plymouth, Nantucket, Portland and Falmouth, New-London, New-Haven, Fairfield, Perth-Amboy, Cheſter, Oxford, York-town, Dumfries, George-town, in South-Carolina, Beaufort and Savanna, each five thouſand dollars, and all the other collectors in the ſum of two thouſand dollars each. The naval-officers for the ports of Boſton, New-York, Philadelphia, Baltimore-town and Charleſton, ten thouſand dollars each, and all the other naval-officers in the ſum of two thouſand dollars each. The ſurveyors of the ports of Boſton, New-York, Philadelphia, Baltimore-town and Charleſton, five thouſand dollars each, and all other ſurveyors one thouſand dollars each, which bonds ſhall be filed in the office of the ſaid comptroller, and be by him ſeverally put in ſuit for the benefit of the United States, upon any breach of the condition thereof.

And be it further enacted, That there ſhall be allowed and paid to the collectors, naval-officers and ſurveyors, to be appointed purſuant to this act, the fees and per centage following, that is to ſay—to each collector for every entrance of any ſhip or veſſel of one hundred tuns burthen or upwards two dollars and an half, for every clearance of any ſhip or veſſel of one hundred tuns burthen and upwards two dollars and an half, for every entrance of any ſhip or veſſel under the burthen of one hundred tuns, one dollar and an half; for every clearance of a ſhip or veſſel under one hundred tuns burthen, one dollar and an half; for every permit to land goods, twenty cents; for every bond taken officially, forty cents; and for every permit to load goods for exportation, which are entitled to a drawback, thirty cents; for every official certificate, twenty cents; for every bill of health, twenty cents; for every other official document (regiſters excepted) required by the owner or maſter of every veſſel, not before enumerated, twenty cents; and where a naval-officer is appointed to the ſame port the ſaid fees ſhall be equally divided between the collector and the ſaid naval-officer, apportioning to each his moiety of the neceſſary expences of ſtationary and the rent of an office to be provided by the collector, in the place of his reſidence, moſt convenient for the trade of the diſtrict, in which the ſaid collector and naval-officer ſhall each have at leaſt one ſeparate room; and the ſaid fees ſhall be received by the collector, who ſhall ſettle the accounts monthly, and pay to the naval-officer the balance which may be due to him on ſuch monthly ſettlement. To each ſurveyor there ſhall be allowed, for all the ſervices required by law, to be performed by ſuch ſurveyor, on board any ſhip or veſſel of one hundred tuns and upwards, and having on board goods, wares and merchandiſe, ſubject to duty, three dollars; for the like ſervices on board any ſhip or veſſel of leſs than one hundred tuns burthen, having on board goods, wares and merchandiſe, ſubject to duty, one and an half dollars; on all veſſels, not having on board goods, wares and merchandiſe, ſubject to duty, two thirds of a dollar; all which fees ſhall be paid to the collector, by the maſter or owner of the ſhip or veſſel, in which the ſervices are performed, and the ſaid collector ſhall pay weekly to the ſurveyor the fees ſo received. To each inſpector there ſhall be allowed for every day he ſhall be actually employed in aid of the cuſtoms, a ſum not exceeding one dollar and twenty-five cents, to be paid by the collector out of the revenue, and charged to the public. To the meaſurers, weighers and gaugers, re-

ſpectively for their ſervices, ſhall be allowed and paid by the collector out of the revenue, for the meaſurement of every one hundred buſhels of ſalt or grain, eighteen cents; for the meaſurement of every one hundred buſhels of coals, twenty-five cents; for the weighing of every one hundred and twelve pounds, one cent; for the gauging of every caſk, ſix cents. There ſhall moreover be allowed to the collectors at each of the following ports, to wit: Boſton, Salem and Beverly, New-York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Norfolk or Portſmouth, and Charleſton, one half a per centum on the amount of all monies by them reſpectively received and paid into the treaſury of the United States; and to the collector at each of the other ports by this act eſtabliſhed, one per centum on the amount of all monies by them reſpectively received and paid into the treaſury of the United States. Every collector, naval-officer and ſurveyor, ſhall cauſe to be affixed, and conſtantly kept in ſome public and conſpicuous place of his office, a fair table of the rates of fees and duties demandable by law, and in caſe of failure herein ſhall forfeit and pay one hundred dollars, to be recovered with coſts, in any court having cognizance thereof, to the uſe of the informer; and if any officer of the cuſtoms ſhall demand or receive any greater or other fee, compenſation or reward, for executing any duty or ſervice required of him by law, he ſhall forfeit and pay two hundred dollars for each offence, recoverable in manner aforeſaid, for the uſe of the party grieved.

[*To be continued.*]

PARIS *Auguſt* 14.

ADVICES from the ſouthern provinces to the national-aſſembly, give the pleaſing aſſurance, that the generous reſolutions of the 4th of this month, had produced the inſtant effect of reſtoring order and tranquillity. Such noble ſacrifices, far beyond the moſt ſanguine expectations of thoſe not in the ſecret, had thrown the people into a delirium of joy and tranſport. M. Rebeil, deputy from Alſace, read letters containing ſimilar accounts. Add to this, that never was there ſo great a harveſt in the memory of man, nor ſuch glorious weather to get it in; every body from all parts of France agreeing, without exaggerating, the wheat will produce nearly double of an ordinary crop.

In Alſace, previous to this news, one of the regiments had hung up their major.

The number of banditti in the neighbourhood of Paris, has been computed, on inquiry, at 17,000. The marquis de la Fayette being informed that many of them had more money than ſeemed conſiſtent with their ſituation, went himſelf to Montmartre, where he ſaw ſeveral of them playing at chuck-farthing with crowns and louis d'ors.

A conſiderable degree of fermentation ſtill prevails in the moſt of the diſtricts. Every one wants to command, and no one is willing to obey. The new military dignities are the ſource of much jealouſy. There is hardly one of the members of thoſe diſtricts who does not feel himſelf aggrieved if another be promoted in preference. Several diſtricts have already appointed officers, diſcharged them, choſen others in their room, and again diſcharged the ſecond ſet. In the diſtrict of the Cloiſter of St. James's Hoſpital they were on the point of coming to blows.

The diſtrict of the Cordeliers, without being hurried to the ſame extremity, has been obliged to break up its aſſembly without reſolving on any thing, on account of the tumult and confuſion that reigned in it.

The aſſembly of the diſtrict of the Abby Saint German-des-Pres, has alſo become very tumultuous, and after long conteſts has appointed M. de la Harpe, of the French academy, M. Collier, and M. de la Chapelle, knight of the order of St. Louis, to aſſiſt at the election of heads of the ward.

LONDON, *Auguſt* 12.

As the late inſurrections in France very naturally occupy all converſation, this ſhort ſketch of the royal family of that kingdom may not be unacceptable to the generality of the public.

Louis XVI. is now about thirty-three years of age; he aſcended the throne of his grand-father at about ſeventeen, and ſhortly afterwards married a ſiſter of the preſent emperor of Germany.

When he was firſt married, he was thin to a degree of particular obſervation; but being naturally of a mild, quieſcent temper, and indulging in the pleaſures of the table, he is now, perhaps, one of the fatteſt men in his dominions.

To counteract this in ſome degree, he riſes early, and almoſt daily takes the diverſion of the chace; but from dinner till bed-time indulges, with the intervention of hardly any other buſineſs than the ſigning of diſpatches, &c.

He has had four children, two of whom are dead. His preſent family conſiſts of the dauphin, a child of about ſix years old, and a princeſs.

The queen is nearly about the king's age, has much majeſty and vivacity in her port, and is, on the whole, reckoned one of the fineſt women in France.

Monſieur, the king's next brother, is nearly as fat as the ſovereign, and was in the beginning of the preſent troubles rather a favourite with the people.

The count d'Artois, the king's ſecond brother, is a tall, well moulded, elegant figure, with much vivacity and deciſion in his character. He rendered himſelf unpopular in the firſt meeting of the notables, and ſeems to have increaſed that unpopularity to a degree of proſcription.

The court party has for ſeveral years back been called the queen's, aided by the count d'Artois: theſe two were ſaid to have the moſt prevailing influence on the king in all his meaſures.

Sept. 1. Mr. Pitt is blamed by the oppoſition writers, for not having taken advantage of the preſent troubles in France, the reaſon they aſſign for his not having done ſo is that he is not a *war miniſter*.—If he is not, pray who is?—Is it lord North?—Is it Mr. Fox?—If Mr. Pitt ſhould never have another opportunity of ſhewing his talents as war miniſter, his conduct in the Dutch affairs, in the year 1787, will ſecure to him immortality as ſuch; in which, by an energy and boldneſs, unprecedented in any Britiſh miniſter, excepting his own father, he ſecured, without ſtriking a blow, all the honours, and advantages to be derived from a long, expenſive and bloody war.

That a dog poſſeſſes ſagacity ſuperior to any of the brute creation (the elephant excepted) no one will diſpute; ſome go ſo far as to ſay, that from a conſtant attendance on the human ſpecies they acquire a ſort of reaſoning faculty; this however, we will neither contradict nor ſupport, but juſt quote another inſtance of their attachment to mankind.—Monday laſt a little girl, about two years old, a child of Mr. G. near Finglas-bridge, having ſtrayed from the houſe, fell into a river near the bottom of the garden; ſhe was attended by a large dog belonging to the family, who leaped into the water, brought her not only ſafe to ſhore, but took hold of her coat and led her to the houſe, to the aſtoniſhment of her parents.

HARTFORD, *October* 26.

ELECTRIC RODS.

The power of metallic rods to extract and conduct lightning into the earth, with ſafety to the buildings on which they are affixed, is now generally known. Theſe rods, as they are commonly made in the country, are not of ſufficient bigneſs to conduct ſuch diſcharges of electric fire as are ſometimes made from the clouds, and in ſuch caſes may attract the danger without a power to conduct it off. Every fact of this kind ought to be communicated for the public information. Thurſday the 16th inſtant an electric rod in this town was ſtruck by lightning from the clouds. One of the pointers was melted—a great blaze of fire for ſeveral inſtants appeared to involve the top of the rod—the rod thro' its whole length to the earth, emitted an immenſe number of large ſparks—part of the lightning deſcended by two chimnies, one contiguous to the rod, and the other thirty feet diſtance. This rod weighs more than one hundred pounds, and in diameter is an inch and one third, nearly a ſize larger than is commonly uſed. The expanſive blaze which for a very ſhort ſpace ſurrounded the top of the rod aroſe from its incapacity inſtantly to receive and conduct ſo great a charge—the emiſſion of ſparks and the deſcent of lightning by the chimnies are evidence of the ſame fact. A ſmall rod which attracts the lightning and is inſufficient to conduct it into the earth, may in ſome inſtances increaſe the danger. An inch and half diameter is the ſmalleſt ſize which ought to be uſed.

PHILADELPHIA, *November* 5.

The following have been lately preſented to Mr. Peale's Muſeum, the corner of Lombard and Third-ſtreet:—

A large tooth (grinder) of the non-deſcript American animal, which was found in a branch of Patuxent river, five miles from Bladenſburg, Maryland. Preſented by Mr. John Cramphin. It is exactly like one taken from the Salt-Lick, on the Ohio: and like another found in Mill creek, near Lancaſter town, Pennſylvania, belonging to ſaid Muſeum. Theſe teeth being found in ſuch different parts of America, is a proof that this tremendous animal has formally been over many parts of North-America.

A pair of the large and beautiful birds of South-America, called the poweeſe. They are alive. One preſented by Miſs Campbell, of Annapolis, Maryland; the other by the honourable Mr. Valck, conſul for Holland, in Maryland.

A Monack, or Ground-Hog. Preſented by Mr. W. P. Johnſton, New-Jerſey.

Annapolis, Nov. 12.

William Bancker, William Whitely, Charles Emory and Thomas Maſon, Eſquires, are elected delegates to repreſent Caroline county in the general aſſembly of this ſtate.

Extract of a letter from Charleſton, dated Oct. 14, 1789.

"For news I can only mention to you a report in town that the Indian treaty is broken off; this we do not doubt. The cauſes aſſigned, however, are various, and not to be depended on, ſome ſay it was on account of a requiſition made by Mr. M'Gillivray for a port in the river St. Mary's, ſubject to their juriſdiction; others ſay it was a demand made by him for ſome Oconie lands, as they are called. The fact is, there is no peace yet; a ſuſpenſion of hoſtilities is agreed on for a limited time, this is an important affair to us ſouthern people."

Charles county, November 3, 1789.

"On the 30th day of October laſt, departed this life, at his ſeat, in Charles county, the worthy, and much to be lamented, colonel Joſias Hawkins, in the 54th year of his age, and has left behind him a diſconſolate widow, and a numerous family of children and domeſtics, to deplore his loſs; he was a moſt affectionate huſband, indulgent parent, an eaſy maſter, and a remarkable kind neighbour; he lived in the conſtant practice of all the moral and religious duties, a man of great humanity, integrity, hoſpitality, and benevolence, and was very much the poor man's friend.

Thoſe who implor'd his aid, he ne'er deny'd,
But by his bounty kindly were ſupply'd;
That drooping heart's unkown who e'er could ſay
It, from his houſe, went unrelieved away;
And ſure his righteous ſoul for ever will
The goodneſs which he ſhewed to others, feel."

*** *Advertiſements, &c. omitted this week, will be inſerted in our next.*

Annapolis, November 11, 1789.

Will be diſpoſed of at PUBLIC SALE, by the ſubſcriber, on the 1ſt of December next,

THE LEASE of HILL's DELIGHT, whereon Aaron Forſter, deceaſed, lately dwelt; alſo, ſeveral WORK HORSES, OXEN, PLANTATION UTENSILS, the CROP of CORN, TOBACCO, FODDER, &c. &c.

G. DIGGES, Adminiſtrator.

N. B. Any perſon inclinable to treat for the above plantation previous to the day of ſale may apply to the ſubſcriber at George Mann's.

To be SOLD, on Thurſday the 19th of this inſtant, November, at the late dwelling plantation of Thomas Rutland,

AN elegant CHARIOT, with harneſs complete, twelve elegant mahogany CHAIRS and a SOPHA, a SULKEY, a CART and four OXEN, two KETTLES and ſundry HORSES, taken in execution and to be ſold to ſatisfy a debt due from Thomas Rutland to James G. Heron, and for taxes. The ſale to begin at 12 o'clock in the forenoon.

DAVID STEUART, late Sheriff.

November 10, 1789.

By virtue of ſeveral writs of *fieri facias*, to me directed, will be EXPOSED to PUBLIC SALE, on Thurſday the 19th inſt. if fair, if not the next fair day, at the dwelling plantation of the late Thomas Rutland, deceaſed, near Annapolis,

SUNDRY valuable SLAVES, and among them a very good cook, a variety of elegant FURNITURE, conſiſting of a Mahogany Side-Board, Mahogany Deſk and Book-Caſe, a number of Chairs, Tables, &c. a Clock, Looking-Glaſſes, Beds, Carpets, China, a parcel of very elegant Glaſs Ware, a number of valuable Books of the moſt approved Authors, and a variety of other articles too tedious to mention; forty-five head of valuable Cattle, among which are ſome Oxen, ſome Sheep and Hogs, and a variety of Plantation Utenſils, about one hundred barrels of Indian Corn, partly ſtanding in the field and part at the fodder-houſe, and a conſiderable quantity of Fodder, Hay and Straw, and ſome Tobacco; taken as the property of Thomas Rutland, deceaſed, and ſold to ſatisfy a debt due the ſtate of Maryland.

The above property will be ſold for ſpecie or ſpecie certificates funded by the ſtate of Maryland, to be paid on the day of ſale, or before the property is taken away, which muſt be on the day after the ſale. The ſale will continue from day to day until the whole is ſold.

BENJAMIN HOWARD, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

Piſcataway, November 11, 1789.

By virtue of a deed of truſt to me made by William Jenkins, the following real and perſonal property will be offered for SALE, at Piſcataway, on the 7th day of December next, to wit:

ONE tract of land called OXMON-TOWN, containing 51 acres, one other tract called STRIFE containing 87 acres, one other tract called MAIDEN BRADLEY, containing 120 acres. The above three tracts lay adjoining each other, and within three miles of Piſcataway, eight acres of land adjoining Piſcataway, and two lots, with the improvements thereon lying in ſaid town, ten HORSES, fourteen head of BLACK CATTLE, thirty-eight HOGS and two FEATHER BEDS. Credit will be given for twelve months on the purchaſer giving bond with ſecurity.

HENRY HARDY, Truſtee.

Annapolis, November 11, 1789.

By virtue of a Deed of Truſt, from captain Alexander Truſman to the ſubſcriber, will be SOLD at PUBLIC SALE, on Saturday the 28th inſtant the following PROPERTY, that is to ſay:

THAT valuable and well ſituated LOT and IMPROVEMENTS in this city, lately occupied by Mr. Thomas Price, and where Mr. William Reynolds formerly lived. This lot, and the improvements, with its advantageous ſituation, are too generally known to need a particular deſcription.

Alſo a TRACT of fertile and valuable LAND being part of MONOCACY MANOR, in Frederick county, containing about one hundred and thirty-three acres.

Alſo FOUR LOTS of LAND, containing fifty acres each, all adjoining, to the weſtward of Fort Cumberland, in Waſhington county.

Alſo the INTEREST of captain Truſman in the LOT whereon the Theatre ſtands, and one other LOT where Mrs. Clarke lately lived.

Alſo a TRACT of LAND, in Bedford county, Virginia, ſituate near James River, containing near ſix hundred acres.

The ſale to be at the houſe firſt above-mentioned and on Credit, the extent of which will be made known on the day of ſale. Specie Certificates and Finals will be received at a rate to be agreed on.

G. DUVALL.

The ſubſcriber has juſt received an Aſſortment of

FALL GOODS,

CONSISTING of faſhionable coloured firſt and ſecond Broad Clothes, with ſuitable Trimmings, Milled Drabs, German Serge, Kerſeys, blue Plains, Ratteen Coatings, Fearnoughts, Kendale Cotton, Fine Sheeting and Red Flannels, Roſe and Duffil Blankets, Fine Iriſh Linens, Ruſſia Sheeting, Mens and Boys Worſted Hoſe, Shawls, Cotton Handkerchiefs, Blue and Green Morocens, &c. with a General Aſſortment of Faſhionable Queen's Ware. The above will be ſold low for Cash, by

STEPHEN CLARK.

WANTED,

A DRY NURSE, and no one need apply without being well recommended. Inquire of the Printer hereof.

November 6, 1789.

Anne-Arundel county, November 11, 1789.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, a negro lad, about 13 or 14 years of age, who calls himself JACK, and says he belongs to JAMES WARRING, of Calvert county; his cloathing is an oznabrig shirt, and nothing else. His master is desired to pay charges, and take him away in one month from the date hereof, or he will be sold for his fees.

BENJAMIN HOWARD, Sheriff.

STRAYED or stolen, from the subscriber's plantation, near Bryan-town, a black HORSE, near fourteen hands and an half high, seven or eight years old, neither docked nor branded, he paces, trots and gallops all his carriages extremely eafy except his trot, on his near buttock a scar rather darker than any other part of him, each of his forward hoofs split near the hair, to prevent further splitting, cut across the hoofs. Whoever will secure said horse, so that I get him again, shall receive a reward of three dollars, and if stolen twenty-five shillings for the thief.

JAMES BOARMAN.

Charles county, October 25, 1789.

Prince-George's county, November 10, 1789.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, by orders from the Commissioners of the Tax of Prince-George's county, on the days and places following, if fair, if not, the next fair day, (Sundays excepted,)

THE REAL PROPERTY herein specified, being taken in execution for arrears of taxes due from the several persons whose names are respectively entered, to the late Thomas Williams, former collector of Prince-George's county, for the years 1780, 1781 and 1782. These lands will be sold off in any manner that shall best suit the purchasers. No confession, short of the payment, will prevent the sale, at any price or other, and all interested are hereby cautioned.

RINALDO JOHNSON.

NEW-SCOTLAND HUNDRED.

Part of Pleasant Spring 180 acres, Joshua Lackland. Part of Craufurd's Adventure 50, William M'Lean. Part of Mary's Choice 61½, Ignatius Price. Beaver-Dam Neck 230, Samuel Peach. Part of Glover's Hall 75, Alice Trig.

OXEN.

Burche's Venture 100 acres, Edward Burch. Discovery 60, Jesse Burch. Strife Cool-Spring 93¾, John Fendall Beall's heirs. Part of Geefeborough Manor 100, Thomas Bayne, Part of Geefeborough Manor 100, Thomas Bayne, jun. Part of Aaron 50, Henry Bartley. Prevention 92, Elizabeth Croll. Barthsheba 74, Part of Hudson's Range 166, Part of White Lackerstone 100, Part of William and Jane 81, total 421, Peter Carnes. Hamilton's Adventure, Ferguson's Gain, Addition to Ferguson's Gain, 315, John Ferguson. Part of Geefeborough 100, John Garrick. Part of Conclusion 50, Charity Glass. Fortune Enlarged 560, Elizabeth Scott. Part of Hamilton's Adventure, Part of Wood's Purchase, 14, Joseph Wilson, jun. Dann 126, Joseph Wilson, of Lancelot.

COLLINGTON and PATUXENT.

Lundee 100 acres, Sarah Frasher. Colberth Lot 83, Zachariah Jones. Part of Ample Grange 75, Part of Bachelor's Choice, Houfe's Discovery, Part of James and Mary, Part of William's Beginning, 773, John Wells. Part of Strife and Part of Layford 90, Peter Maclocklan. Part of St. Andrew 100, Benjamin Tasker's heirs. Part of Riley's Discovery 80, William Lemar. Part of Beall's Hunting Quarter 100, Robert Perry. Part of Darnall's Grove 105, William Tyler. Darnall's Grove 460, Edward Hall, of Henry.

WESTERN-BRANCH.

Pleasant-Spring Enlarged 100 acres, Jacob Sampson.

UPPER-MARLBOROUGH.

Half a Lot, No. —, William Sprigg Bowie. One Lot, No. —, Henry King. One Lot, No. —, Hugh Lyon. Half a Lot, No. —, Thomas Magruder. One Lot, No. —, Thomas Sprigg, (W. River). One Lot, No. —, William Urquhart. One Lot, No. —, Jane Urquhart. Half a Lot, No. —, James Ritchie. No. —, Assembly-Room Proprietors.

CHARLOTTE.

Part of Greenland 211 acres, Edward Claggett. Part of Beall's Chance 482, William Keadle. Brooke Hill 58, Frank Piles. Part of Vale of Benjamin 339, John Clark Sprigg. Part of Beane's Landing 60, Lingan Wilson.

MOUNT-CALVERT.

Part of Harry's Lot 100 acres, Charles Boteler. Part of Harry's Lot 100, Henry Boteler. Part of Pitch-Fork, alias Craft, 120, Samuel Chew. Part of Brookfield Wedge and Crofs Cloth 180, John Eversfield, jun. Part of Mount Calvert Manor 336, Thomas Hamilton. Part of Leith 208, Kenelm Selby. Part of Leith 90, John Smith Selby. Part of Leith 10, Hezekiah Orme. Part of Mount Calvert Manor 100, John Orme.

GUNPOWDER.

Part of Vineyard 400 acres, two Lots in Nottingham, Lucy Elfep. Part of Beall's Pasture 400, Richard Lee.

MATTAPONY.

Lawfon's Lot 100 acres, John Badon, of Robert. Part of Hargrave, Part of the Gore, 334, Thomas Watts. Part of Londonderry 178, Mary Boteler, Part of Brookefield 322, Dr. Richard Brooke. Part of Brookefield 172, Isaac Brooke. Part of Mansfield 175, Thomas Smith Cox. Part of Twiver, Orchard, Good-Luck and Little Worth, 161, Mary Dorsett. One Lot in Nottingham, improved, William Jackson. Two Lots in Nottingham, John Darsett. Part of Wood Bridge 100, Elisha Fields. Part of Brooke's Chance 365, Clement Gardiner. Part of Twiver 100, John Harrison. Part of Brookefield 225, Clement Hollyday. Part of Widow's Trouble 100, John Lawson Naylor.

ROCK-CREEK.

Part of Widow's Mite 248 acres, John and Clement Biddle. Part of Vineyard and Bowling-Green 104, Part of Beall's Levell 141, Jemima Barnes. Part of Port-Royal 150, Joseph Coombs. Part of Barbadoes 205, William Conn. Part of Hopyard 50, Robert Douglass. Part of Gleaning 150, Part of Allison's Forrest 31½, Edward Villers Harbin. Part of Port-Royal 150, Thomas Pearce. Part of Hog-Pen Enlarged, Part of Evans's Littleworth, 189, Walter Evans. Part of Haddock's Hills 300, William Murdock. Part of Gleaning 150, John M'Clean. Part of Hopyard 50, William Pearce. Part of Beall's Inclosure 318, Walter Queen. Part of Hopyard 150, Jeremiah Riley. Turner's Improvement 167, Mount-Pleasure 114, Edmund Turner. Belt's Chance 85, Thomas Tilley. Part of Beall's Inclosure 210, capt. Jonathan Wight.

BLADENSBURG.

Half of Lot No. 1, in Bladensburg, John Francis. Part of Lot No. 11, ditto, Balser Hilreagle. Part of Lot No. 13, ditto, Edmund Hogan. Part of Lot No. 3, ditto, William Masters. Part of Discovery 52 acres, William Makers, Oxen Land. Half an acre of Land in Bladensburg, John Elias Martin.

EASTERN BRANCH.

Part of Ralpho 100 acres, Francis Balmear. Part of Flag Bottom 300, Thomas Beall, of William. Part of Timber Bottom, Red House, Addition to God-Father's Gift, Part of Father's Stamp, 244½, Andrew Beall, and Andrew Beall, jun. Part of James and Mary Plummer's Jack, Worse Than Nothing, 225, James Greenwell. Part of Miller's Beginning 46½, Joseph Hews. Part of Winterfel's Range 221½, Margaret Jones. Danby 93½, Thomas King. Part of Deakins's Hall, Plummer's Island, Joseph and Mary, and God-Father's Gift, 121½, Basil Lucas. Part of William and Elizabeth Mullican's Beginning 131, William Mullican. Poor Stoney Hill 60, Jonathan Nixon. Part of Edmerston's Range 80, John H. Orme. Part of James and Mary, Part of Greenland, Part of Adventure, 93, Van Simmons. Part of Ralpho 122, Richard Wheeler. Part of Batchelor's Choice, Part of Flag Bottom, 102½, George Wilson. Welch's Discovery 160, Henry Welch, Part of Maiden's Fancy 194, William Waters. Stoney Field 200, James Young, Baltimore.

HORSPEN.

Horton's Range 100 acres, John Atwell. Part of Beck's Addition 35, Sarah Beck. Part of Moore's Industry, Part of Carrick's Industry, 189, Mareen Carrick. Charles Abraham's Luck 113, Abraham Clarke. Iliams's Choice 100, Clark's Fancy 150, Mary Clarke. Part of Pleasant Grove 50, James Duvall. Freeland's Adventure 297, Francis Freeland. Part of Carrick's Industry 150, William Hardy. Part of Littleworth 66½, Sarah Hews. Part of Evans's Range 166, Benjamin Jacobs. Part of Friendship 105, Richard Jones. Bacon Hall 100, Henry Onion. Part of Beck's Addition 223, William Perkins. Arthur's Seat Enlarged 230, Thomas Rutland. Part of Darnal's Grove 75, Elizabeth Tyler. Part of Addition to Brashears's Pocoson 274, John Turner. Part of Cherry Walk 78, Samuel Waters.

WASHINGTON.

Gordon's Pasture 110¼ acres, Mary Gordon. Hamilton's Purchase 340, John Hamilton. Part of Turrell Bowling Green Enlarged 177, ——— ———. Part of the Forrest of Fancy and Funta Dium Aureolum 92, ——— ———. Part of Rencher's Adventure 50, Francis Mobberly. Coxhays Enlarged 228, Taylorton 51, Taylor's Marsh 21, Taylorton 111, total 411, Alexander Howard Magruder. Part of Taylorton and Part of Archer's Pasture 108, Taylor's Pasture 32, total 140, ——— ———. Part of Taylorton 100, Samuel Orme. Part of Taylorton 86, ——— ———. Good Luck 108, Dunbare 100, Trenent 225, Haddington 150, total 583, ——— ———. Ferra Excultabilis Enlarged 415, James Hadd Warring. Part of Freeman's Hills 10, Part of Mazoscoon and Addition 123, Gore 35, total 168, Leonard Warring.

PISCATAWAY.

Part of Swan Harbour 172, Part of Batchelor 420, total 592 acres, John Addison Smith's heirs. Part of Linsey's Discovery 77, Mertake 185, total 262, William Bryan. Part of Casteel's Frolick Enlarged 81, Catharine Casteel. London Pleasure 78, Addition 6, total 84, ——— ———. Maiden Bradley 105, John Clarvoe, sen. Dickerson's Parke 90, Alexander M'Daniel. Part of Lanham's Folly 80, Daniel Frazier. Part of Lordship's Manor Rever. in B. Calvert 100, Jonas Galwith. Part of Stoney Hill 180, John Harris Gibbs. Part of Radford's Chance 284, Henry Humfrey. Part of Lordship's Kindness Rever. in B. Calvert 150, Henry Hardey, sen. Part of Oxmon Farm 110, Addition 27, total 137, Edward Jenkins. Part of Rich Hill 80, Part of Thompson's Rest 54, total 134, Philip Jones. Part of Child's Portion 27, Benjamin Moore, deceased. Part of Two Johns 76, Joseph Simpson. Part of Refuse 150, Nathaniel Wilson. Addition and Part of Dormon's Folly 98, John Walker. Part of Dormon's Folly 75, Henry Walker. Part of Addition 68, Coxen's Chance and Addition 100, total 168, Levin Wilcoxon.

KING-GEORGE'S.

Part of Margaret Overton 63½ acres, James Adams. Part of Piscataway Manor 175, John Bowling. Gile's Delight and Part of Strife 230, Sarah Cole. Part of Axe 105½, Benjamin Cawood, jun. Northwest Chance 100, Samuel Cowe. Part of Cold Snowy Friday 234, Nicholas Davis. Part of Edelen's Hog-Pen 250, Thomas Dyer. Part of Queen's Forrest 31, Anne Downs, Dower. Reversion of Part of Queen's Forrest 67, George Dixon. Part of Piscataway Manor 150, John Edelen. Nonesuch 136, George Emmerson. ———, John Emmerson. Ford's Delight Enlarged, Part of Chance and Venture 281, ——— ———. Reversion in Mrs. Gantt's Dower 116, George Gantt's heirs. Part of a Mill and Lot at Piscataway assessed at £. 375, Thomas Hardey. Half of a Mill and Spring, Part of Lands in Piscataway 30¾, assessed at £. 750, George Hardy, Jellyman 370, Elizabeth Hilton. Exeter 157, John Holley. Part of Lamster 64, Addition to Webster's Quarter 137, Webster's Quarter 200, total 401, Thomas Hamilton. Morrise's Hope 124, Sarah Jarman. Pinnor 200, Benjamin Jamesson. Providence 150, John Keitch. Part of Little Troy and Carroll's Kindness 130, James King. Marlowe's Chance 75, Abel Marlowe. Thomas and Sarah 132, Sarah Mudd. Part of Sanquair 175, Elizabeth Parker. Eglinton 400, Basil Spalding. Wynn's East and West Addition to Little Worth 143, Part of Indian Fields 190, Part of Gardner's Meadows 25, Wynn's Chance Resurveyed 103, Edelen's Hog-Pen 100, John Wynn, sen. Part of Indian Fields 67, William Wynn. Part of Piscataway Manor 50, John Wynn, Enock Magruder and John Baynes. Part of Ridge Right of Dower 60, Robert Wade, 3d.

HUNSON.

Ery's Friend's Goodwill North of the Wh. Marsh, or Part of Holly Spring 196, Christopher Arnold. Part of Head-Ach and Part of Holly Spring 238, Bartholomew Jenkins. Hurley's Lot 50, John King. Burbidge 134, John Lowe, jun. Batchelor's Hope-Dreeparke, Batchelor's Chance to Deer-parke Mill Dam, 376, Thomas Wilcoxon, jun.

P. FREDERICK.

Part of Taylor's Beall 210 acres, Catharine Bowers. Part of Poplar-Hill 72½, Anne Brightwell. Aaron's Reprieve 70, John Carr. Cant's Chance 106, Elizabeth Eastwood. Good Will 85, William Leigh. Brightwell's Raingo 100, George Naylor, son to Swanky. Woodborough and Stain Land 194½, ——— ———. Dove's Nest and Dove's Perch 50, Paul Rawlings. Cole Brook, Watson's Forrest, 127, ——— ———. Cole Brook, Watson's Forrest and Woodborough, 216, William Watson, sen. Watson's Luck 70, Running-Away 50, Cole Brook 17,—137, William Watson, jun. ———, Samuel ———.

WASHINGTON.

Part of Exchange 140 acres, Part of ditto 100, a Mill Seat 12,—252, John Badon, of Thomas. Part of Mazoniscon 36 dower, ——— ———. Part of Naylor's Range 101½, ——— ———. Part of Cool Spring Addition Enlarged 77½, Part of the Forrest of Shire-Wood 279½,—306½, ——— ———. Right of Dower 400, Anne Cooke right of dower. Part of Sassar's Green 41½, Hog-Pens 351,—392½, John Campbell. Part of Davis's Range 55, Part of Naylor's Range 24,—79, William Davis. Part of Davis's Range 25, Part of The Forrest 122,—147, Elizabeth Davis. Cool Spring 90, Part of Cool Spring Addition Enlarged 35, Part of Forrest of Sheerwood 37½, Part of The Forrest 106,—368½, Naylor Davis. Part of Addition, Part of ———, 392½, ——— ———. Part of Anchovies Hills 234, ——— ———. ———, George Gantt. Part of Archer's Pasture and Retaliation 600, Josias Hawkins.

On the 14th of December next, at Bladensburg, the property in Rock-Creek, Eastern Branch, Horipen, Oxen, Bladensburg and New-Scotland, Hundreds.

On the 16th of December, at Upper-Marlborough, the property in Patuxent, Western Branch, Collington, Charlotte and Town of Upper-Marlborough, Hundreds.

On the 18th of December, at Piscataway, the property in Grubb, King-George, Piscataway and Hynson, Hundreds.

On the 21st of December, at Nottingham, the property in Mount Calvert, Mattapony, Washington and Prince-Frederick, Hundreds.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the 2d day of May last, two country born NEGROES—CHARLES, about 30 years of age, five feet eight or nine inches high, strong and well set, of a yellowish complexion, has a remarkable black beard, and his face generally full of small pimples, speaks seldom, and has a down look.—MATTHEW, about 22 or 23 years of age, five feet five or six inches high, bow-legged, thick set, has a remarkable black complexion, his teeth and parts of his eyes of a clear white, speaks freely and grum; had on when they went away, coarse brown shirts, jackets and breeches of coarse white country made cloth, yarn stockings, and old felt hats and shoes. They have been seen lurking about in different parts of St. Mary's and Calvert counties until the fifth of September, when it is supposed they took away from James Knott, living at Howard's Race, two mares, one of a mouse colour, with a short switch tail, the other a dark bay, one hind foot white, with a small lump on her left side, both natural pacers. Whoever will take up the said negroes and secure them in gaol, so that the subscriber may get them again, shall receive ten dollars, if taken up in the county; if out of the county, and within the state, fifteen dollars; if out of the state, the above reward, or in proportion for either of them, paid by

JOSEPH MATTINGLY.

St. Inigoes, St. Mary's county, Oct. 19, 1789.

TO BE SOLD,

At PUBLIC VENDUE, on the 15th day of December next, if rainy if not the next fair day, at my dwelling house, on the Head of South river, within eight miles of Annapolis, and within twenty-five miles of Baltimore-town,

FOUR hundred acres of valuable LAND, under good fence, a part of the plantation whereon I now live, called GAITHER's COLLECTION, valuable either for planting, farming or grazing, and is much better watered and timbered than any other land in the settlement, lying between the two main branches of South river, on each of which are good mill-seats, and also a very large quantity of excellent meadow land, a great part of which is cleared and in good order, and much more may be cleared and fenced with ease and convenience; this plantation is also bounding on the Head of South river, from whence small craft may be easily conveyed to navigable water. An indisputable title will be given on the following terms being complied with.

EDWARD GAITHER, Son of EDWARD.

The above land being under mortgage for my use and benefit, I agree to the sale of the same lands on the terms following, viz. One third to be paid in hand, and for the remaining two thirds bond with good security, and three years credit.

November 2, 1789. 2 J. HALL.

November 3, 1789.

Will be EXPOSED to SALE, on Saturday the 13th instant, at the dwelling of RICHARD TALBOT, of Anne-Arundel county, on Elk-Ridge,

A PARCEL of valuable property, consisting of NEGROES, HORSES, CATTLE, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, &c. &c. Two years credit will be given for part of the property sold. The terms will be fully made known there on the day of sale.

The subscriber once more requests all persons having any claims against the said Richard Talbot to attend at the said place of sale, on that day, and deliver them or send them to the subscriber, legally attested, that they may be discharged, agreeable to the direction of the honourable John Rogers, Esquire, late chancellor of Maryland.

2X BRICE HOWARD, Trustee.

Chester-town, October 1, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly of Maryland to pass an act to liberate him from confinement for debt in Kent county gaol. w3

2 JOSIAH JOHNSON.

September 29, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly, for an act to exonerate him from part of the purchase money of a lot of land in Monocacy Manor, purchased by a certain William Pendergast.

BERIAH MAYBURY.

September 9, 1789.

THE subscriber, Widow of GASSAWAY WATKINS, One of the Securities for Captain THOMAS HARWOOD, Former Collector of the Tax for Anne-Arundel County, intends to Petition the Next General Assembly for RELIEF. 8 w

7 DINAH WATKINS.

Dorchester county, September 12, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends petitioning the next general assembly of Maryland to pass a law to aid the execution of the last will and testament of his father JOHN HICKS TRAVERSE, late of Dorchester county, deceased, agreeable to the intention of said testator. w8

HENRY TRAVERSE.

APPLICATION will be made to the general assembly of the state of Maryland, at the next session, for a law to authorise the erecting of the court-house and gaol for Caroline county at Choptank bridge, and for holding the courts for said county thereat.

September 1, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the general assembly, at their next session, by the subscriber, to confirm his title to two lots of ground, lying in the town of Upper-Marlborough, formerly purchased by Judson Coolidge, deceased, of the commissioners appointed to sell British property. 8 w

6 RICHARD BURGESS.

Montgomery county, September 4, 1789.

THIS is to inform the public, that the inhabitants of the aforesaid county intend to apply to the next general assembly, for a main road from Luckett's and Davis's Ferry through the neighbourhoods of Meston's and Sinning's Mills, as may be thought most advantageous to the public. 8 w

Frederick county, September 7, 1789.

THE subscribers hereby give notice, that they intend to petition the justices of Frederick county, at next November court, for a commission to mark and bound their parts, and if the law requires it, the whole, of the two following TRACTS of LAND, situate in said county, viz. THE RESURVEY ON GOOD-NEIGHBOURHOOD and COME BY CHANCE, agreeable to the act of assembly, entitled, An act for marking and bounding lands, passed at November session, 1786.

4X [illegible]

August 14, 1789.

PUBLIC notice is hereby given to galwhom it may concern, that the subscriber intends to prefer a petition to the next general assembly, to pass a law to invest him with the fee-simple of part of a tract of LAND called SMITH's FIRST CHOICE, which a certain William Schoolfield conveyed to Turbutt Wright, a minor, son of the subscriber. w8

JOHN WRIGHT.

Prince-George's county, September 14, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made to the next general assembly, for a law to authorise the justices of Prince-George's county to levy a further tax on the inhabitants thereof, for the purpose of erecting a bridge over the Eastern Branch, near the town of Bladen[illegible] 8 w

6

NOTICE is hereby given, that several of the inhabitants of Charles and Saint-Mary's counties intend to petition the general assembly, at their next meeting, to pass a law to change the road leading from Allen's-Fresh to Newport, in Charles county.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the inhabitants of Washington county mean to petition the next general assembly for the division of said county; also, for prolonging the time of payment for the settlers lands to the westward of Cumberland.

7

September 9, 1789.

NOTICE is hereby given, that there will be a petition preferred to the next general assembly of this state, for a public warehouse for the inspection of tobacco at Trace's Landing, on Herring Creek.

7

October 20, 1789.

To be Sold, at Public Vendue,

On Wednesday, the 18th of November next, if fair, if not the next fair day, at the dwelling plantation of the subscriber, in Middle Neck Hundred, within three miles of Annapolis,

SUNDRY VALUABLE STOCK, consisting of HORSES, HORNED CATTLE and HOGS. Also all the CROP of CORN, FODDER, &c. and PLANTATION UTENSILS, amongst which is a good HORSE CART. The sale to begin at 11 o'clock, and for CASH only. w4

STEPHEN BEARD.

4X

TO BE SOLD,

On a liberal credit, on Monday the third of December next, at PUBLIC VENDUE, if not sooner disposed of at Private Sale, in which case due notice will be given,

A VALUABLE SEAT, containing upwards of 400 acres of LAND, pleasantly situated on Zachia Swamp, five miles from Port-Tobacco; there are on the premises a good DWELLING-HOUSE, a large BARN, with a good floor (for treading of wheat) and other CONVENIENT HOUSES. The situation is beautiful and healthy. This land has been assessed as high as the first rate land in said county. There is a great proportion of bottom, which produceth excellent corn, timothy, &c. This land has a great quantity of wood, board timber, and other timber. Possession will be given to the purchaser on complying with the terms of sale, which may be known by applying to the subscriber, living on the premises.

JOHN HANSON, jun.

Charles county, August 15, 1789. 4

Patowmack Company.

AT a MEETING of the President and Directors of the PATOWMACK COMPANY, at George-Town, the 23d day of September, 1789.

Ordered, That the proprietors of shares in the Patowmack Company, pay into the hands of William Hartshorne, Treasurer of the said company, Five Pounds on each of the Shares held by them respectively, on or before the 15th day of November next.

Ordered, That the treasurer take the most effectual legal measures to compel a speedy payment of all monies remaining unpaid on the several calls preceding the last and present call.

THOMAS JOHNSON, President.
JOHN FITZGERALD, } Directors.
GEORGE GILPIN, }

Alexandria, September 25, 1789. 5 w

Calvert county, November 2, 1789.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of RACHEL ANDERSON, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are desired to make immediate payment, and those having claims are requested to bring them in legally authenticated, that they may be settled, by

2 SAMUEL LANE, Executor.

Fisheries on Patowmack.

THREE VALUABLE SHAD and HERRING LANDINGS to be rented for the season, or leased for a term of time. These landings are adjoining each other, have a large extent of shore, have been long noted for the quantity of fish taken at them, and command many advantages which are almost peculiar to them alone, viz. good scopes for erecting of fish, a fine sand clear shore, and are remarkable, by nature, for retirements by land and water. The terms may be known on application to the subscriber, living on the premises.

RICHARD BLANEY.

Rosomony Neck, Charles county, November 2, 1789.

October 24, 1789.

BEING directed by the governor and council to dispose of the property lately purchased for the use of the state, I mean to set up at PUBLIC SALE, sundry tracts of LAND, a number of valuable NEGROES, and other articles, at the following times and places, viz.—On Monday the 16th of November, at 11 o'clock, at the dwelling plantation of Nicholas Blacklock, near Piscataway, sundry tracts of LAND near Bladensburg, containing, in the whole, 483 acres, and a life estate in 250 acres of LAND adjoining, late the property of John Brown, one of the securities of Nicholas Blacklock, and a tract of LAND containing upwards of 200 acres (the dwelling plantation above mentioned, late the property of Frederick Bowie, one of the securities of Nicholas Blacklock.) On Wednesday the 18th of November, at 11 o'clock, in Port-Tobacco, a tract of LAND called MANKIN's VENTURE, containing 54 acres, a tract of LAND called MANKIN's FOLLY, containing 144 acres, lying in Charles county, near Port-Tobacco, some NEGROES, HORSES, FURNITURE, and a RIDING CHAIR and HARNESS. On the same day and place, at three o'clock, P. M. three LOTS in Port-Tobacco, number 3, 5 and 6, with a small TENEMENT, and three other LOTS in the said town, the numbers not known, on which are three large DWELLING HOUSES, with convenient OUT-HOUSES, &c. late the property of Charles Mankin. On Thursday the 19th of November, at Port-Tobacco, at 11 o'clock, part of a tract of LAND called HAWKINS's BARRENS, containing 115 acres, and part of a tract of LAND called COME-BY-CHANCE, containing 60 acres, adjacent to Port-Tobacco, and two NEGROES, late the property of Francis Ware, one of the securities of Charles Mankin. A tract of LAND called LUCKETT's BENEFIT, containing 44 acres, and part of a tract of LAND called MOISDITCH, containing 186 acres, near Port-Tobacco, late the property of Thomas Hussey Luckett, one of the securities of Charles Mankin. On Monday the 23d of November, at 11 o'clock, on the premises, a tract of LAND on which captain Harwood resides, lying in Anne-Arundel county, containing 325 acres, and several valuable NEGROES, some STOCK and HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, late the property of captain Thomas Harwood. On Tuesday the 24th of November, at 11 o'clock, at Bladensburg, a tract of LAND called BROTHER's FIRST LOT, containing 239 acres, a tract of LAND called BEALL's NEGLECT, containing 50 acres, and a tract of LAND called BEALL's DISCOVERY ENLARGED, containing 42 acres, adjacent to the town of Bladensburg, and several valuable NEGROES, some HORSES, STOCK and HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, late the property of John Beall. On the same day and place, at three o'clock, P. M. a tract of LAND called CRAMPHIN's LOT, containing 357½ acres, Part of JACKSON's NECESSITY, containing 61½ acres, HOSKINS's FOLLY, containing 100 acres, and part of ELIZABETH, containing 100 acres, in the neighbourhood of Bladensburg, late the property of Richard Cramphin, one of the securities of John Beall. On Wednesday the 24th of November, at 11 o'clock, at Bladensburg, part of a tract of LAND called GILLARD, containing 127½ acres, lying near the last mentioned lands, and some NEGROES, late the property of Samuel Sheralls, one of the securities of John Beall. Part of a tract of LAND called DEAKINS's HALL, containing 249½ acres, near Bladensburg, and some NEGROES, late the property of Leonard Marbury Deakins, one of the securities of John Beall. On the same day and place, at three o'clock, P. M. about 160 acres, part of a tract of LAND called CHELSEA, lying near the brick church, in Prince-George's county, late the property of Humphrey Bell, one of the securities of John Beall. On Thursday the 25th of November, at three o'clock, P. M. at George-town, a lot of GROUND in the said town, number 9, with improvements, late the property of John Murdock, and a lot of GROUND in the said town, number 21, with improvements, late the property of Richard Thompson. The lands and lots above mentioned will be sold for ready money only; for the personal property any kind of state securities will be taken.

WILLIAM KILTY.

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Calvert county, October 10, 1789.

By virtue of a Deed of Trust, from Mr. Francis King to the subscriber, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the 16th of November next, if fair, if not the next fair day, the following property,

A TRACT of LAND, within one mile of Hunting-town, in said county, whereon Mr. King now dwells, of about thirty acres, on which is a new and very convenient DWELLING-HOUSE, with three rooms below and as many above, and other NECESSARY OUT HOUSES.

Also a TRACT of valuable LAND, containing about 200 acres, one mile's distance from the former, on which there are no improvements; eighteen valuable NEGROES, consisting of MEN, WOMEN, BOYS and GIRLS; a number of BLACK CATTLE, HOGS, HORSES, SHEEP, HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE, and PLANTATION UTENSILS.

The sale to be at the above-mentioned dwelling-house, on a credit, the extent of which will be made known on the day of sale. w4

JOSEPH WILKINSON.

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